Boston Soft Spinal Orthosis Postural Order Form Instructions

Reminder – this form is for the technicians and goes with the flow of fabrication. All items on this form need to be completed to ensure customer service and manufacturing are able to fabricate the desired orthosis.

PLEASE DO NOT use this as your clinical note.

This form is for the fabrication of a **postural** soft spinal orthosis. Use this form if your patient presents with low tone, no diagnosed scoliosis, and the treatment goal is to improve sitting/standing posture and head/neck control.

Sagittal plane control is the primary function of the device. The posterior superior trim line should be at the level of the kyphosis, and the anterior superior trim line will be as low as possible while providing the maximum kyphotic control. This is most likely just inferior to the sternal notch. No abdominal compression is required – it is recommended to make a belly opening to ensure breathing is not restricted. Inferior trim lines will mimic traditional TLSO/LSO.







An audio review of this document is available at: <u>Boston Brace Soft Spinal Orthosis Postural order form instructional video</u>

Demographics:

Date:		Due Date:		PO #:	Contact:	
Ship To:		1. E. C.		Ship Via:	Email:	
Address:				Account #:	Phone:	
City:		State:	Zip:	Previous SSO Postural Wearer	Scan Label:	
Patient N	ame:			Ht:ftin Wt:lbs		
Age:	_ Sex:	Diagnosis:				

Customer service uses this section to initiate the fabrication process. All of the above is entered into our system. In the event we need to contact you, the treating orthotist, or if you have a question on the fabrication, having this information entered allows for easy retrieval.

Previous SSO Postural Wearer:

If the patient is a previous soft spinal corrective wearer, check the Previous SSO Corrective Wearer box. This will let CAD know to look at the previous scan and SSO design and will notify you if there are recommended changes in the brace design.

Patient Name, Age, Sex, Height, Weight, Diagnosis

We will keep a secondary record for you, showing the patient's age, sex, height, and weight as well as the diagnosis. This information may assist in justifying a new orthosis.

Make sure the patient's name is legible.

Age and Sex are needed to complete our records in the event you need the manufacturing record. Height is broken down into feet and inches to ensure proper record keeping. Weight is requested to be in pounds. Diagnosis is needed to complete records.

~		_
Scan	Inh	പം

Scan Label:	Scan Label:
-------------	-------------

Scan label is required to make sure the correct scan is modified.

Captevia: File name is auto-populated. Write Captevia as the scan label. The file will include both scans if taking a bivalve scan.

Laser scanner: Patient's first initial, last name; scan number; clinicians' initials; the word spinal; date of scan

i.e. patient John Smith is seeing clinician Jane Doe on April 1, 2020 for his first brace

Scan Label: jsmith#1jdspinal04012020

Bivalve scan: Follow the sequence above and add _ant and _post after the date

Anterior section: jsmith#1jdspinal04012020_ant

Posterior section: jsmith#1jdspinal04012020_post

Shape Capture

Snape Capture	2
Scan Cast	Measure Only
Percent Symm	<u>ietry</u>
As Is 25%	50% 75% 100%

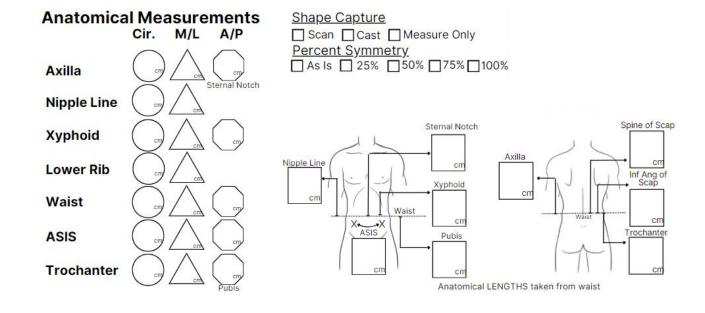
This corrective Soft Spinal Orthosis may be fabricated from scan, cast, or measurement only. Scanning is optimal. See our bivalve scanning instructions. When taking a bivalve scan, measurements are required, particularly the AP measurements.

Percent Symmetry

The Boston Soft Spinal Corrective is designed to reduce the neuromuscular curforces are built into the orthosis. The first step is to symmetrize (balance) the scan. symmetry you want built into the model. This is based on your clinical exam.



Anatomical Measurements:



All measurements are required.

Linear Measurements

Linear measurements are from the waist to the anatomical landmark regardless of scan type. The axilla measurement is to the maximum height under the arm needing an axillary extension.

When providing ASIS to ASIS linear measurement (A), use a cloth tape measure to follow the patient's body contours.



G-tube/Baclofen Pump/

	G-Tube Relief	Baclofen Pump Relief		
Waist to Device	cm	cm		
Center to Device	cm	cm		
PT's Side	Left Right	Left Right		

Many patients needing a Soft Spinal Corrective will have a G-tube and or Baclofen pump. Complete this section by providing the coordinates for both the center of the G-tube and Baclofen pump so that CAD can correctly place the relief areas during the modification process. All measurements (waist to center of the device, and torso center line to device) are to be in centimeters. Indicate if the device(s) is on the patient's left or right side.

Chest Relief

Build Breasts into orthosis	ò
Cup Size:	

If the patient has chest development or anticipated development, check the box and let CAD know the cup size so they can modify the relief accordingly.

Brace Design

The brace design section is to be completely filled out. Any section left blank will default to the standard (Bold). If the Boston Sensor/Sensor hole is left blank, no sensor will be sent, and no hole will be drilled into the orthosis.

Opening

Three options exist for the Corrective orthosis. Let us know if you want a posterior, anterior design or a bivalve design. The anterior design has a 1/8" tongue attached. The bivalve design can be smooth (anterior section fits over posterior) or butting (step overlap that interlocks).







Bivalve design with smooth overlap

Liner

The inner foam lining is available in different thicknesses. The outer 1/8 foam is firm and the standard is white. Other color options include pink, blue, bright green, and red. If you wish to have a foam with color (external foam only), it is only available in 3/16. Please state the color requested.

Plastic

We recommend Copoly for its durability and strength. Let us know the thickness, 1/8 inch is our standard.

Design

The frame is external. It is one continuous structure that will follow TLSO or LSO trimline. Indicate the type (External is recommended) and thickness of plastic Stays are internal flexible plastic struts that typically consist of two paraspinal stays, two lateral stays (one left, one right) and two anterior stays. The stays are offset anteriorly to accommodate a G tube.

Abdominal Shape

We do not provide any abdominal compression. Neutral would be a convex abdomen dictated by the patient's measurements/shape. If a scan (recommended) or cast is provided, we will match the presentation. If the patient requires additional relief, indicate the amount of relief in the general terms of small, medium and large. This will provide the CAD technician with some guidance.

Abdominal Window

We recommend an abdominal opening – this helps reduce any respiratory impediment and improve comfort for the patient. If you want an abdominal opening, let us know if you want just the plastic removed or the plastic and foam.

A Symmetrical Window is standard. It allows for maximum expansion of the abdomen for respiration, while still maintaining contact on the anterior ribcage. Available with just the plastic trimmed out or both plastic and foam.

Straps

Straps are available in white or black. Strap transfers are no longer an option here as they decrease the life and integrity of the straps.

Transfer

Use our transfer selection tool: https://www.bostonoandp.com/transfers/brace/ to assist you and the parents/patients in selecting the transfer. Enter the top two transfer names.

Finished

Indicate if you want to receive the orthosis finished to the finished trim lines. Unfinished will be trimmed off the foam model along the anterior/posterior trim lines only.

Boston Sensor

Indicate by checking the Send Sensor box, if a thermal sensor is to be sent with the orthosis to monitor the patients wear schedule.

If a sensor hole is to drilled into the brace, check the sensor hole box.

CAD Design	Section			TLSO AXIIIa TLSO
	Lordosis 25 degrees Match scan/cast Other:	Kyphosis 25 degrees Match scan/cast Other:	Troch Ext. ☐ Left ☐ Right	on LSO cm cm Seat Waist Pubis cm

Lordosis

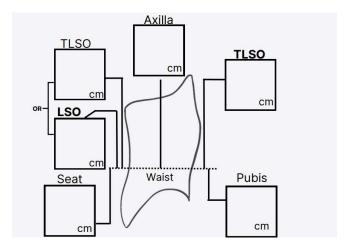
For this population, we need to provide support to the pelvis and help improve the extension response to help these patients with postural control. The minimum amount of lordosis that we recommend is 25 degrees, but you can have us match the scan/cast or specify the amount of lordosis. During your evaluation, you will determine the proper amount of lordosis needed for support.

Kyphosis

Let us know the amount that will maximize the patient's sagittal balance. We recommend 25 degrees of thoracic kyphosis as the posterior superior trim line will be trimmed a the apex of the kyphosis

Troch Ext

Indicate if the patient needs a left or right trochanteric extension for additional sitting balance. If bilateral trochanter extensions are needed, check both boxes.



The schematic shows the finished measurements.

Our technicians can complete this section for you, or you can state the brace design.

The above schematic shows the sagittal profile of the orthosis. Note the posterior superior can be finished at the TLSO (spine of scapulae) or LSO (apex of kyphosis) height. This is dictated by the patient presentation and goals of orthotic management.

The TLSO/LSO check box is for you to describe the trimline of the orthosis. When controlling kyphosis, it is recommended to have a TLSO anterior trimline, and an LSO (at the level of the kyphotic apex) posterior trimline. All trim line measurements will be from the waist to the end point of the foam.

The plastic frame/stays will be trimmed 2.5 cm shorter than the foam. Please provide the maximum height of the foam trimline.

Scoli Tees

Scoli Tees	
Single	
Double	
Qty:	

Indicate if you are providing the patient with a Boston Scoliosis T shirt. There are options for shirts with two underarm flaps or a single. The T-shirts do not have a front or back, so a single axilla can be left or right. The size is determined from the submitted measurements.

Notes

Notes:			

In the event a special request is made by the patient, or there is some unique anatomy or brace design needed that is not captured in the above sections, the notes section is where you may document this information.